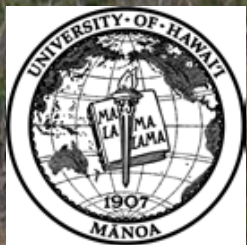


Assessment of Vegetation, Soils, and Water Quality of Hawai'i's Coastal Wetlands

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2008 HCC Coastal Wetland Symposium



Introduction

- Development, agriculture, invasive species have contributed to degradation & loss of coastal lowland wetlands (CLWs) in Hawai'i
- Numerous wetland **restoration**, **creation** projects are being undertaken
- Understanding of vegetative, soil, water quality characteristics of CLWs is limited
- CLWs link terrestrial & marine environments

Objective:

Document vegetative, soil, water quality characteristics of CLWs in the Hawaiian Islands & to compare these characteristics among **semi-natural**, **restored**, & **created** wetlands

Wetland Types

Semi-Natural: relatively-undisturbed wetlands with hydric soils, water tables near the soil surface in the growing season, that support some native vegetation



Restored: sites that were originally wetland, have been degraded by human activities, for which actions are taken to reestablish wetland hydrology & vegetation



Created: wetlands constructed on sites which were originally marine or upland





n = 8, Kauai

n = 14, Oahu



n = 5, Molokai



n = 6, Maui

Legend

Wetland Sites

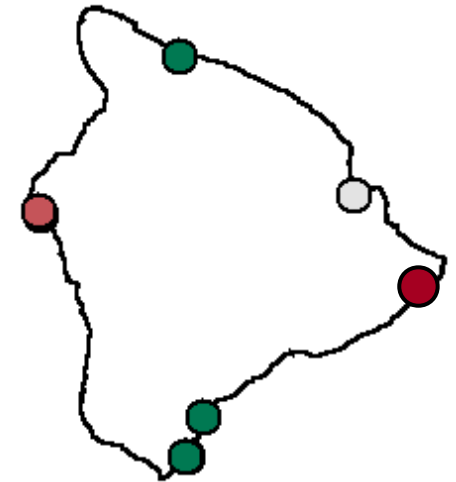
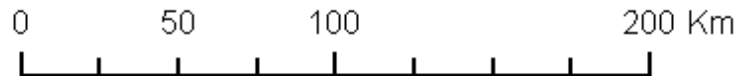
● Semi-Natural (17)

● Created (7)

● Restored (11)

○ Other (5)

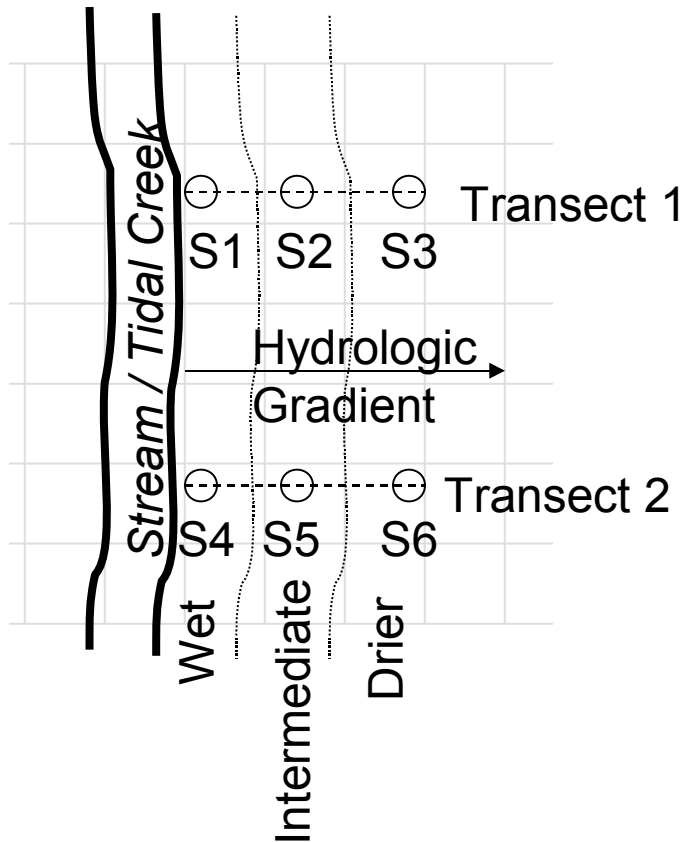
□ Coastline



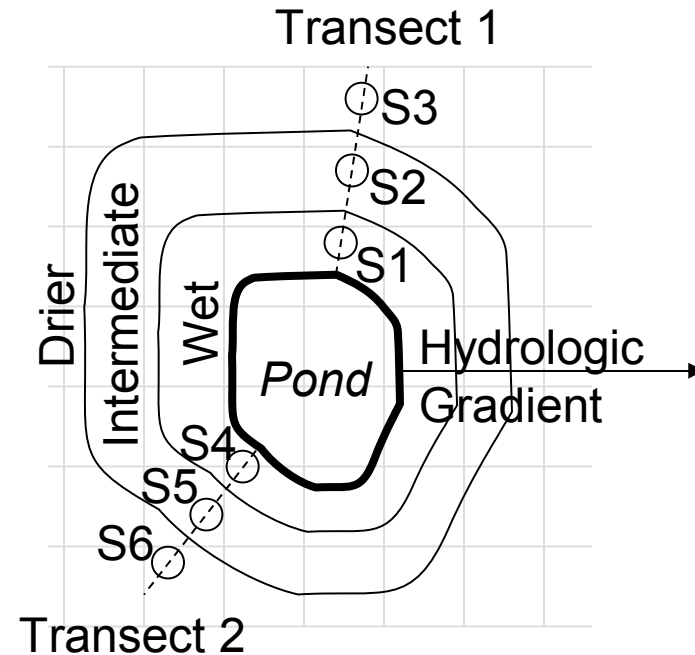
n = 7, Hawaii

Sampling Design

a. Riparian or tidal sites



b. Isolated wetland sites



Vegetation Sampling

- 1-m² quadrat/zone
- Species Composition
- Percent Cover



Soil Sampling & Analyses

- Soil samples from upper 0-20 cm collected with a piston corer

- **Lab Analyses:**

- Moisture (%)

- Bulk density ($\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$)

- Soil organic matter (%)

- Texture (%)

- pH

- TC & TN (%)

- Olsen extractable P ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{g}^{-1}$)

- Conductivity (mM)



Water Quality Sampling & Analysis

- Surface water sampled in wet zones at each site

- **YSI:**

Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Dissolved oxygen ($\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$)

pH

Conductivity ($\mu\text{s}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$)

Salinity (ppt)

- **UH Hilo MSAL:**

$\text{NH}_4\text{-N}$ (USGS Method I-2525-89)

$\text{NO}_2/\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$ (EPA Method 353.2)

Total dissolved N (ASTM Method D5176)

$\text{PO}_4\text{-P}$ (EPA Method 365.1)

Total P (USGS Method I-4650-03)



Vegetation Results

- 102 plant species identified across 40 sites
- Only 18 species (17.5%) native
- 3 most common species: *Urochloa mutica* (California grass), *Batis maritima* (pickelweed), *Paspalum vaginatum* (seashore paspalum) are exotic & considered highly invasive (Erickson & Puttock 2006)



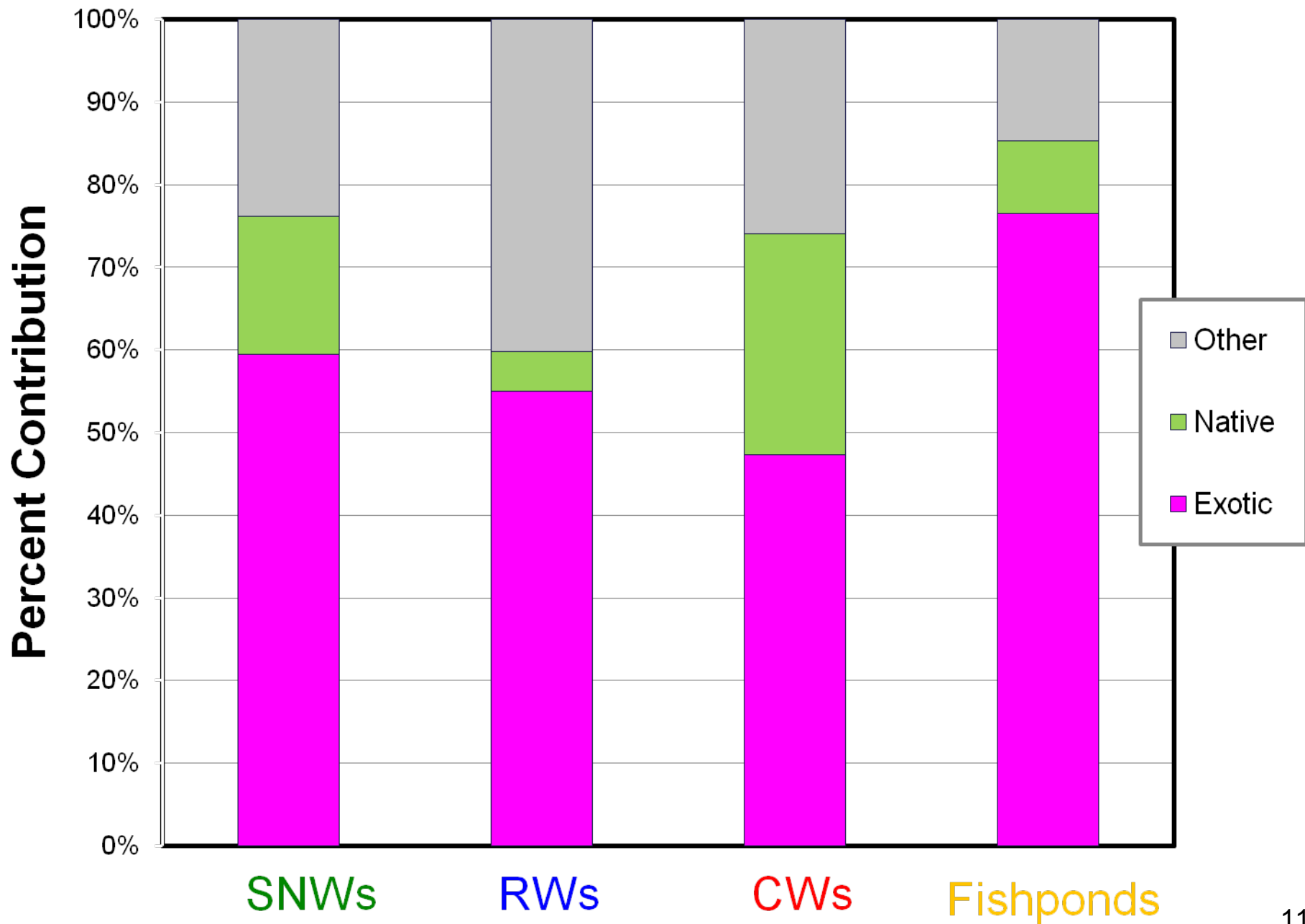
U. mutica (Kauai)



B. maritima (Moloka'i)

- Spp. Richness
SNWs: 59 spp
RWs: 49 spp
CWs: 31 spp

- Wet zone: 28 spp; Int zone: 47 spp; Drier zone: 63 spp

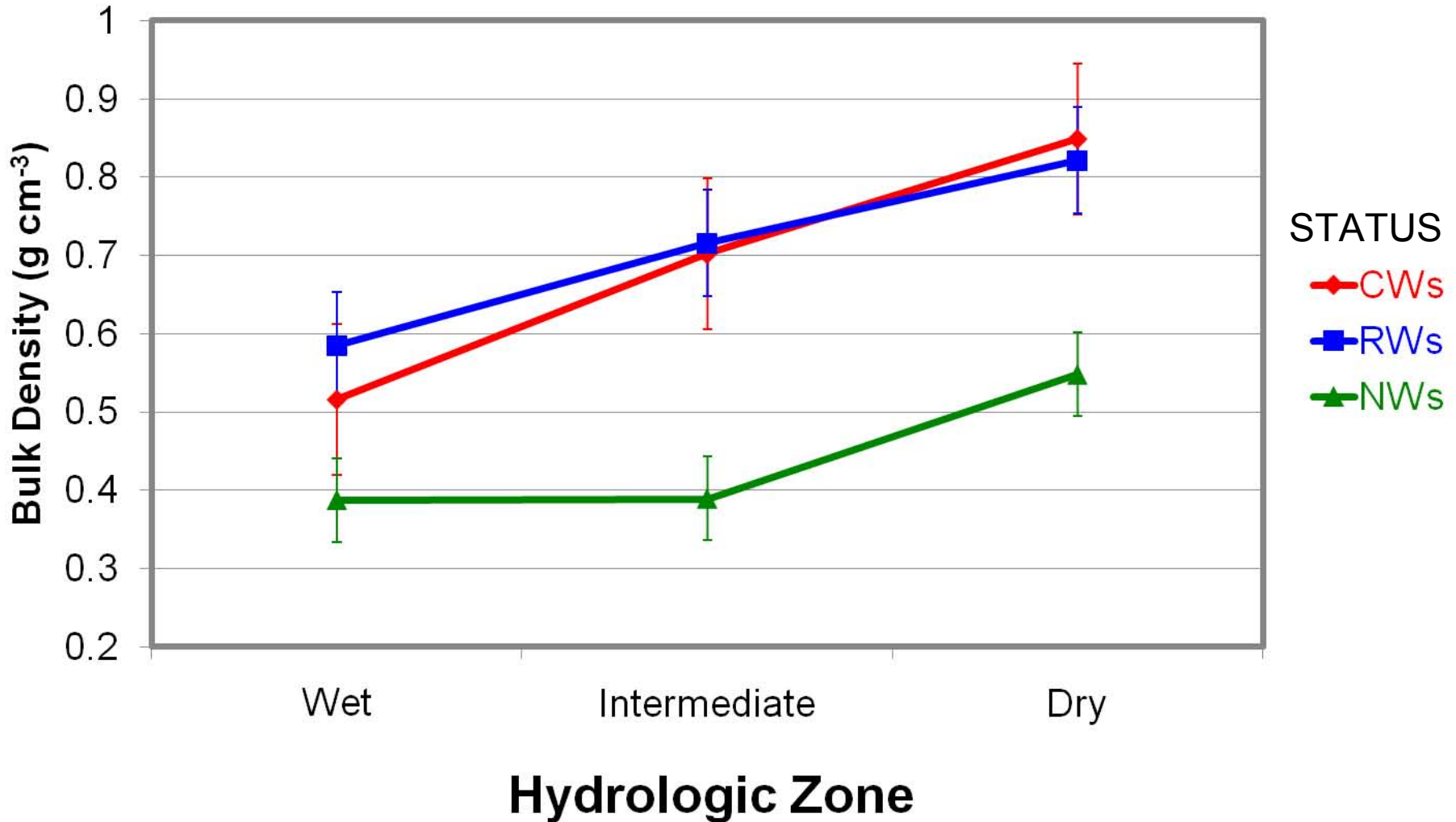


Soil Summary Statistics

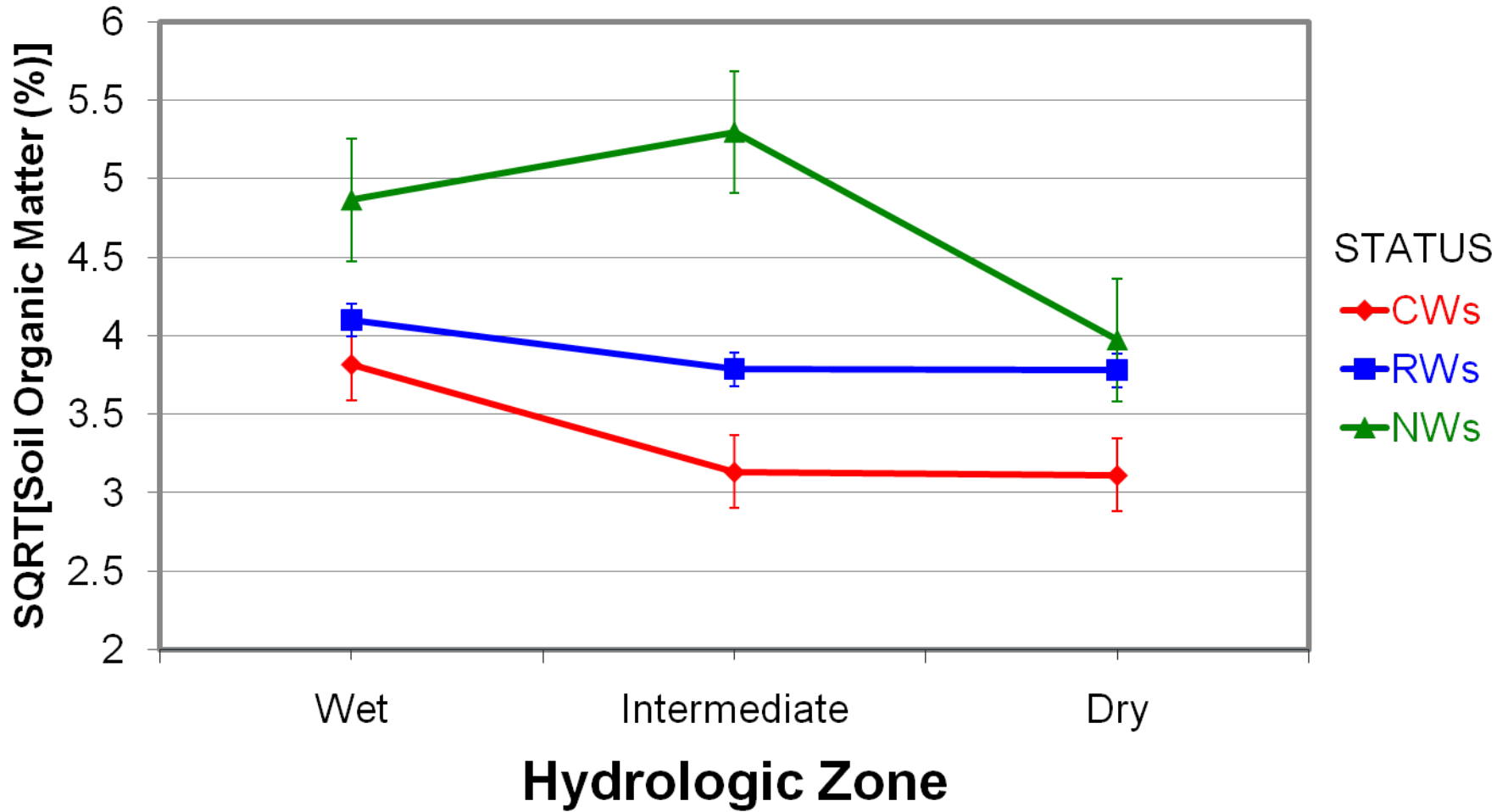
	BD	LOI	pH	Cond	TC	TN	Sand
	g cm ⁻³	%	-	mM	%	%	%
Mean	0.55	22.4	6.87	28.7	9.96	0.53	33.6
Median	0.55	17.5	7.30	9.8	6.32	0.28	22.5
St. Dev	0.33	18.6	1.24	70.0	10.2	0.64	32.5
Min	0.02	1.5	3.50	0.40	0.74	0.01	0.0
Max	1.76	88.9	8.80	400.0	56.5	2.96	100
n	236	236	236	236	235	235	138

Soil Results

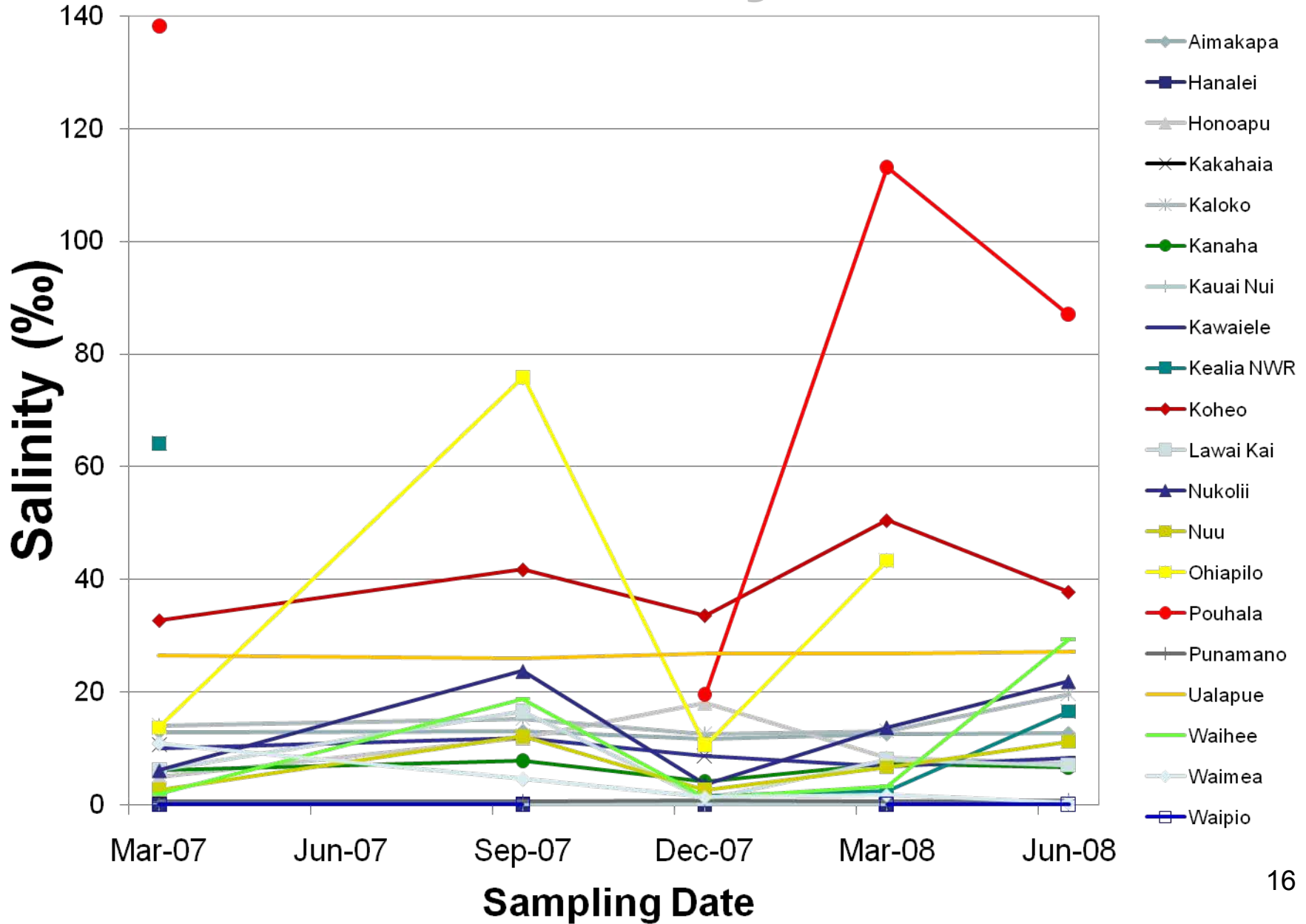
	F	p-value
Status	12.7	<0.001
Zone	6.24	0.003
S*Z	0.45	0.77

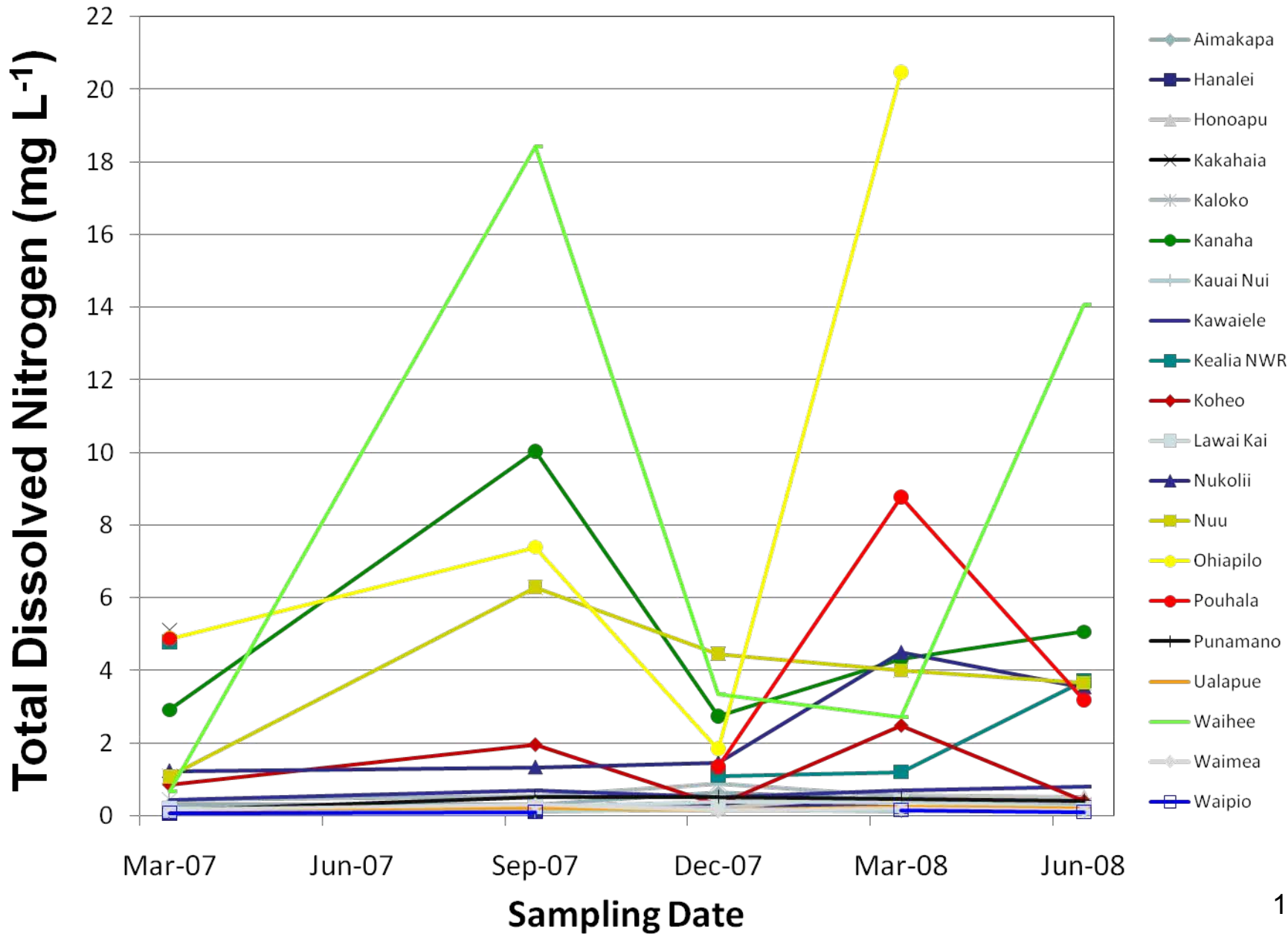


	F	p-value
Status	8.43	<0.001
Zone	2.73	0.07
S*Z	1.08	0.37



Water Quality Results





Conclusions

- Vegetation: Semi-natural, restored, created dominated by invasive species; difficult to find “reference” sites
- Soils: Variable, significant differences across hydrologic gradients & among semi-natural, restored, created
- Water Quality: Org N & P >> Inorganic N & P; sites subject to drying, fluctuations in WQ
- Management Implications:
 - Need for invasive vegetation control programs
 - More attention to substrate/soils at restored, created sites



Acknowledgements

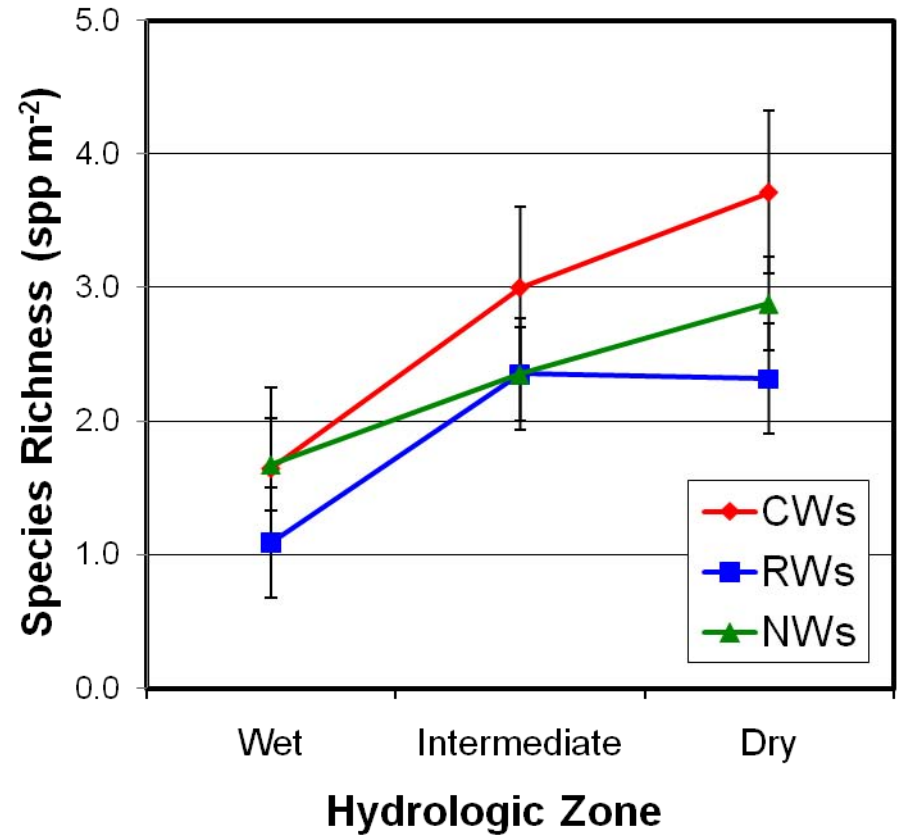
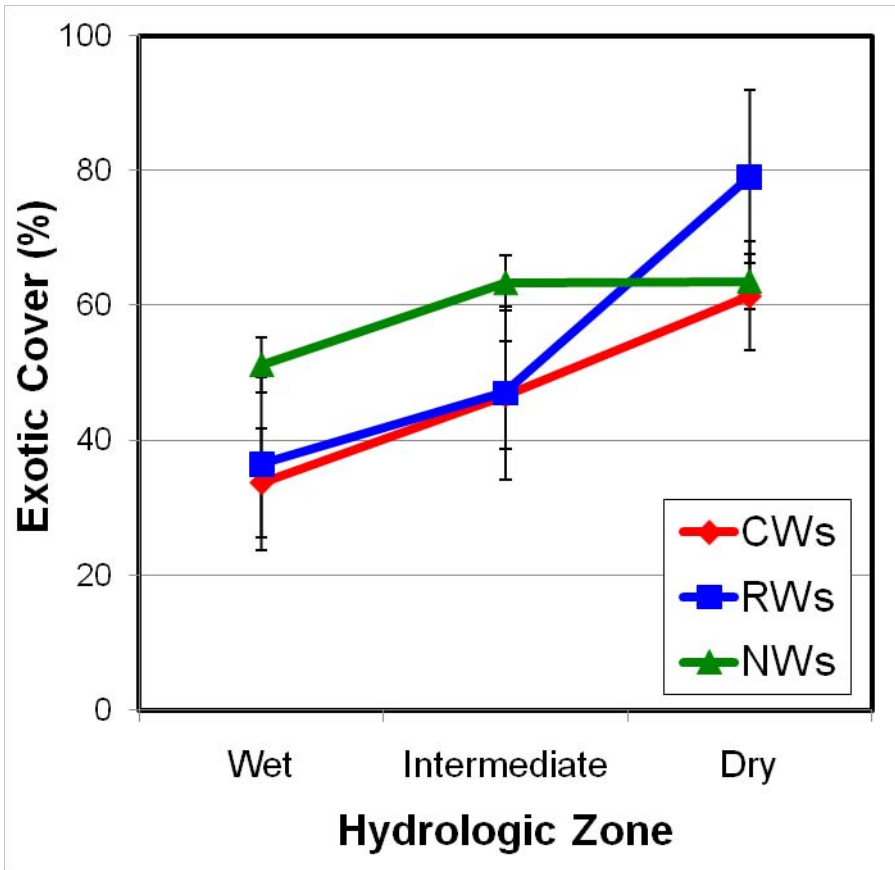
Mahalo to K. Peyton, A. Dibben-Young, S. Fisher, D. Burney, D. Drigot, F. Duvall, M. Silbernagle, A. Nadig, H. deVries, J. Radunzel, G. Koob, M. Mitchell, C. Smith, T. Kaiakapu, G. Blaich, G. Nakai, S. Berkson, S. Beavers, R. Boston, J. Replogle, D. Riordan, & others for help with site selection, access, & sampling.

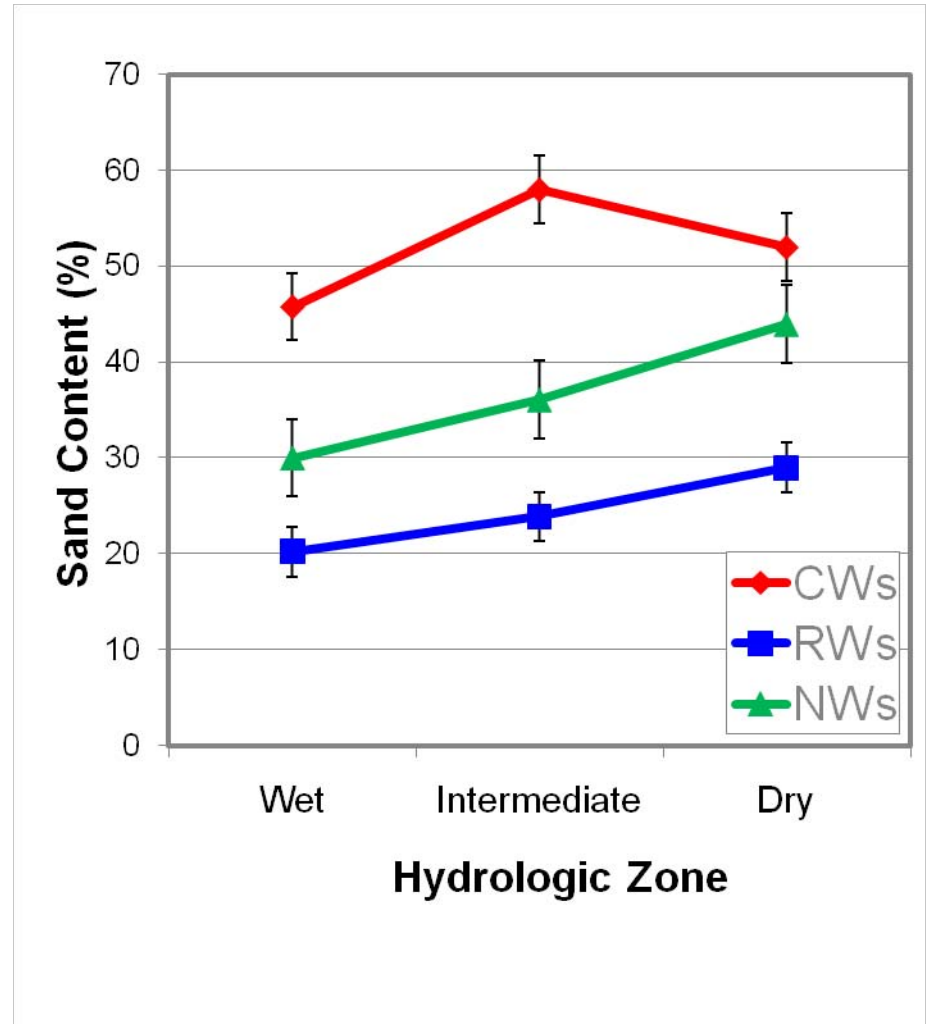
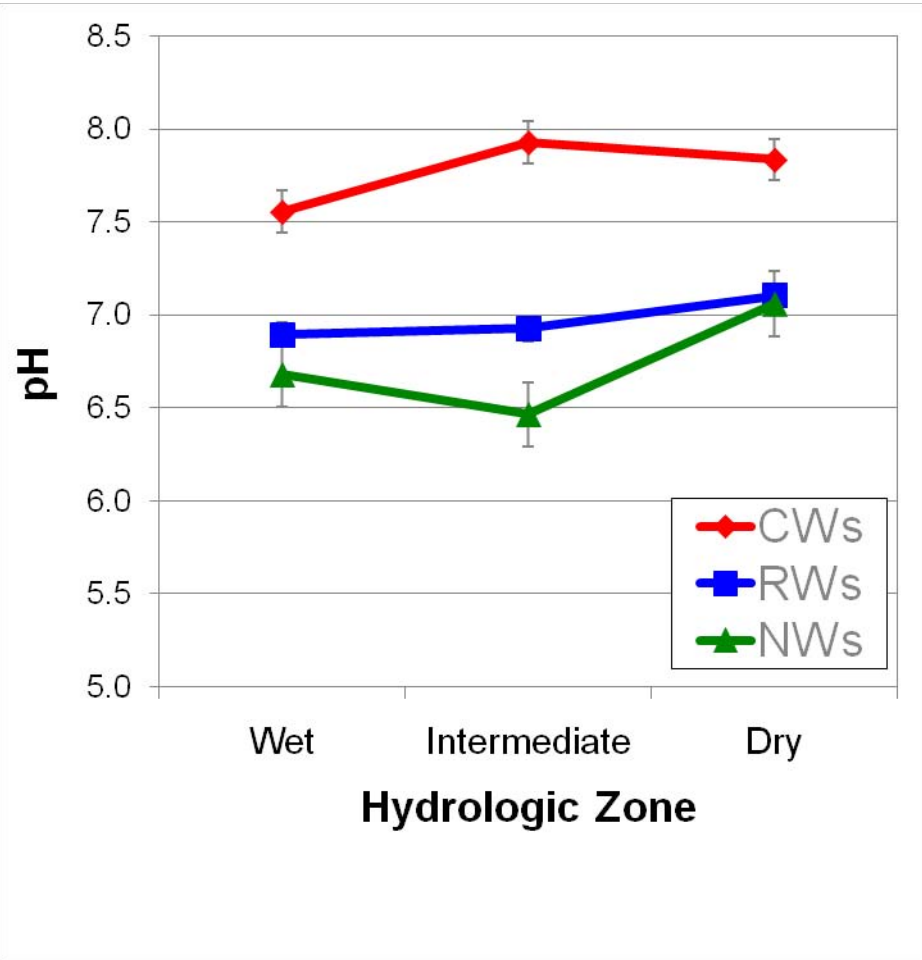


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For more information: <http://www.ctahr.hawaii.edu/brulandg/>



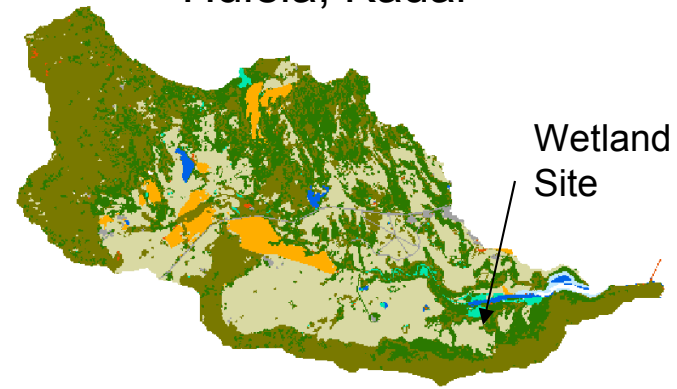


Watershed Characteristics

Waimea, Oahu



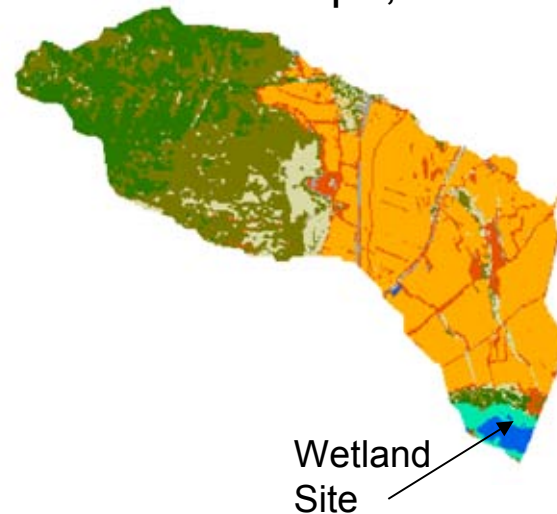
Huleia, Kauai



Legend

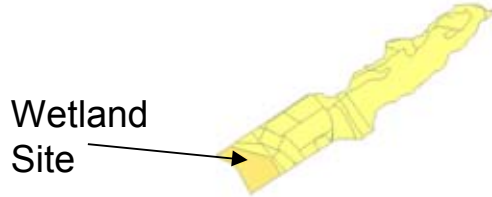


Waikapu, Maui

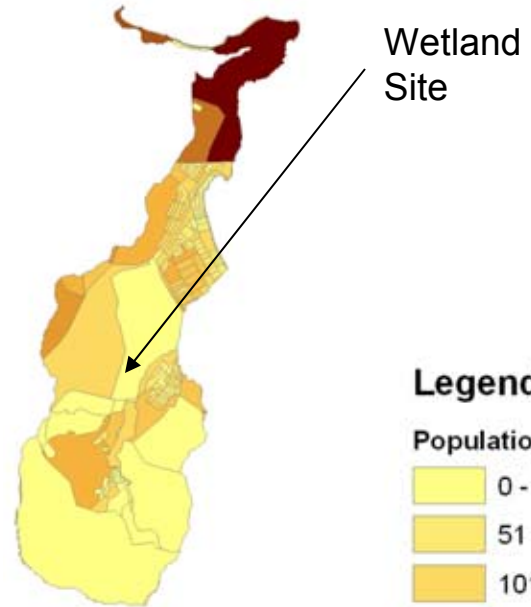


Population

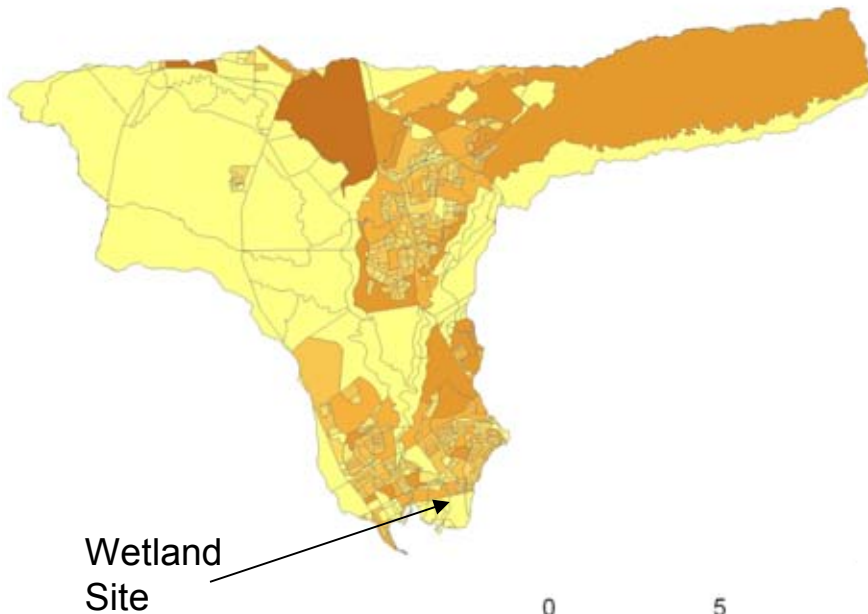
Kawaiele, Kauai



Kauai Nui, Oahu

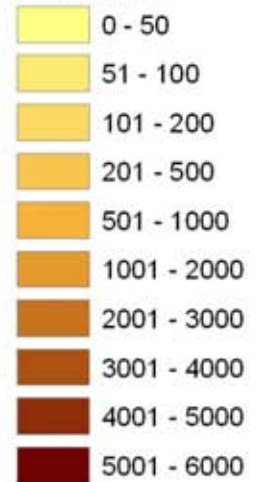


Pouhala, Oahu

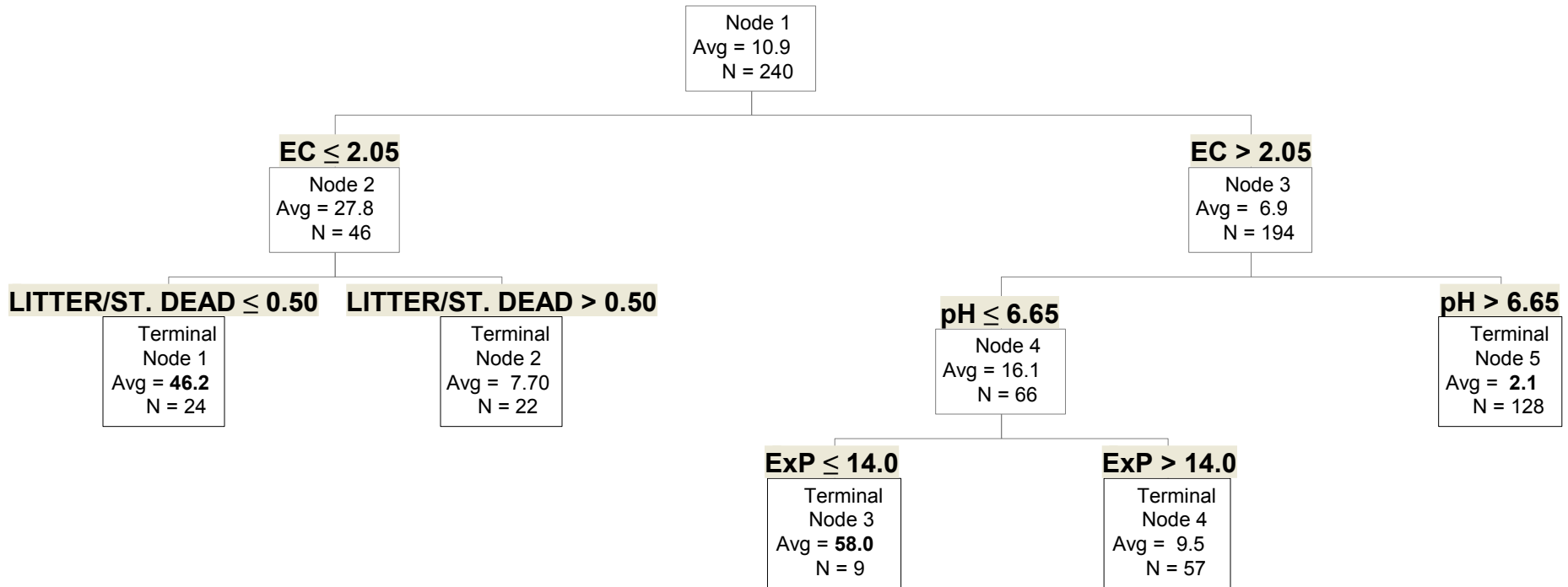


Legend

Population

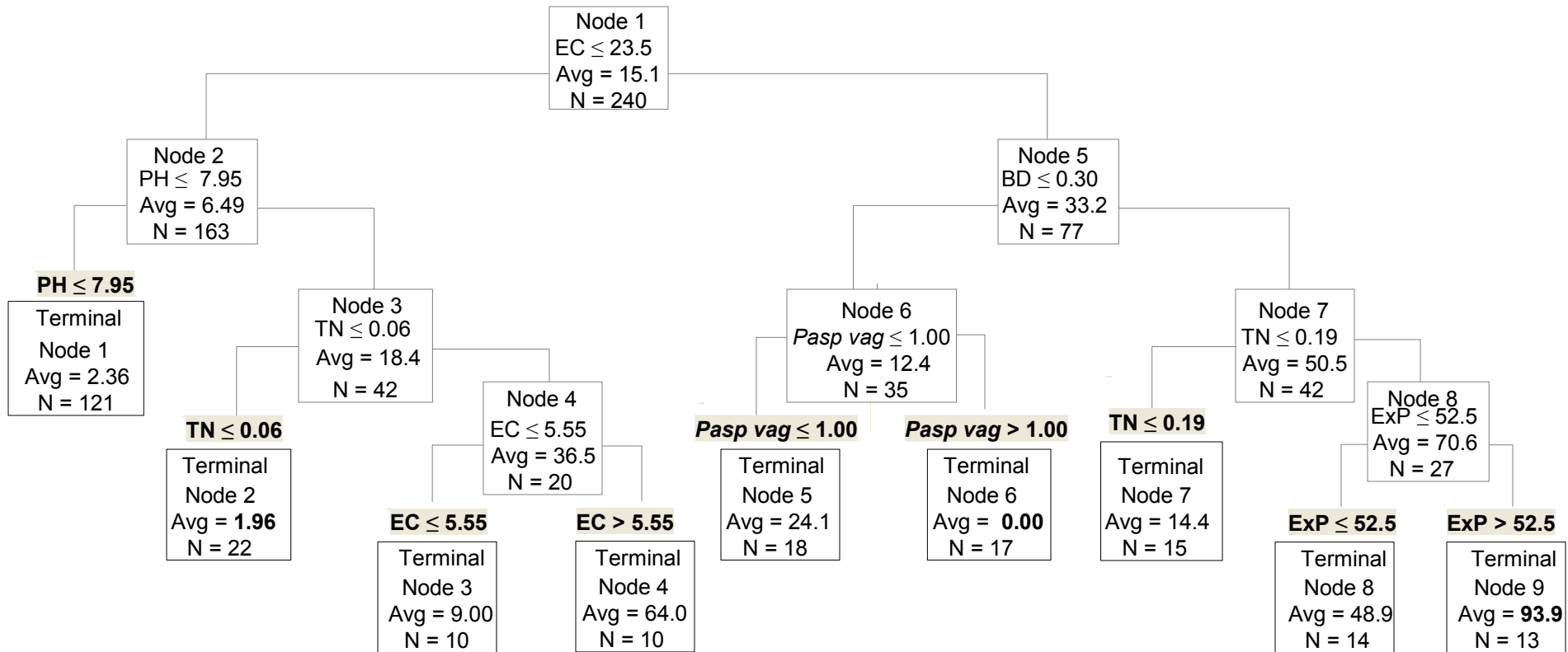


Regression Tree: *Urochloa* Cover (%)



$$R^2 = 0.35$$

Regression Tree: *Battis* Cover (%)



$R^2 = 0.58$

